RATING REPORT

Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited

REPORT DATE:

June 30, 2025

RATING ANALYSTS:

Musaddeq Ahmed Khan musaddeq@vis.com.pk

RATING DETAILS					
	Latest	Latest Rating		s Rating	
	Long-	Short-	Long-	Short-	
Rating Category	term	term	term	term	
Entity	AAA	A1+	AAA	A1+	
Outlook/Rating Watch	Sta	Stable		Stable	
Rating Action	Reafj	Reaffirmed		Reaffirmed	
Rating Date	June 30,'25		Jun 27,'24		

COMPANY INFORMATION	
Incorporated in 2002	External Auditors: Crowe Hussain Chaudhury & Co.
	Chartered Accountants
Public Limited Company	Chairman of the Board: Mr. Naeemuddin Khan
Key Shareholders (with stake 5% or more)	Chief Executive Officer: Mr. Tahir Yaqoob Bhatti
State Bank of Pakistan: 76.23%	
Government of Pakistan: 23.75%	

APPLICABLE METHODOLOGY(IES)

VIS Entity Rating Criteria: Government Supported Entities https://docs.vis.com.pk/docs/Meth-GSEs202007.pdf

Rating Scales & Definitions: https://docs.vis.com.pk/docs/VISRatingScales.pdf

Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited

OVERVIEW OF THE INSTITUTION RATING RATIONALE

ZTBL, formerly Agricultural Development Bank of Pakistan (ADBP), was formed through the repeal of ADB Ordinance 1961. ADBP was established following the merger of Agricultural Development Finance Corporation and Agricultural Bank of Pakistan. ZTBL took over all assets. business, contracts, and liabilities of ADBP and started its countrywide operations as a public limited banking company on December 14, 2002. The Bank has the mandate to provide finance and credit facilities to small farmers and low-income households.

Profile of Chairman

Mr. Naeemuddin Khan has an extensive international banking experience in different areas. He previously held the positions of President/CEO of the Bank of Punjab, Managing Director/CEO of Pak Libya Holding Company, Member Banking of Corporate and Industrial Restructuring Corporation (Finance Division, GoP), SEVP of United Bank Limited and also served in Emirates International Bank and ANZ Grindlays Bank PLC. He holds graduate degree.

Profile of CEO

Mr. Tahir Yaqoob Bhatti is a seasoned banking professional with diverse experience. He previously held the positions of President/CEO of Punjab Provincial Cooperative Bank Limited, SEVP/Group Head of Faysal Bank. I imited. SEVP/Business Head of JS Bank Limited, Group Chief/Group Head of Allied Bank Limited, Executive Vice President of Askari Bank Limited, and Country Head SAM of Askari Bank Limited. He also served in National Bank of Pakistan. Currently he serves as Chairman Board, Kissan Support Services (Private) Limited (a wholly owned subsidiary of ZTBL) and Member Board, PASSCO. He holds an MBA and M.Com. Degrees. He is also qualified DCMA and DAIBP. He completed "High Impact Leadership Program" from Columbia Business School. New York. USA.

The ratings of Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited (ZTBL' or 'the Bank') reflect its strong ownership profile and defined institutional mandate. The Bank's majority ownership by the State Bank of Pakistan and the Government of Pakistan provides a foundation of implicit sovereign support, which remains a core credit strength. ZTBL's strategic focus on Islamic banking transformation, ESG integration, and IT modernization is indicative of its commitment to long-term sustainability and alignment with national priorities.

Improvements in asset quality, evidenced by declining non-performing loans and enhanced provisioning coverage, have further reinforced its standalone risk profile. The Bank has adopted the IFRS 9 framework, leading to a more forward-looking risk assessment approach.

ZTBL has maintained sound profitability. This is driven by a combination of stable net interest income, increased non-markup revenue, and reversals in provisioning. Efficiency indicators have shown slight moderation, mainly due to inflation-linked cost increases, though operating profitability has remained strong.

The Bank's liquidity profile is sound, supported by a sizable stock of government securities and favorable liquidity and funding ratios. Investments are largely held in low-risk sovereign instruments, mitigating market and credit risk exposure. ZTBL's capital adequacy remains strong, significantly exceeding regulatory requirements.

Banking Sector

The divergence between deposit and asset growth is explained by superior equity growth and more notably interbank transactions backed by and channelled into the purchase of government securities to magnify positive spreads through volumes. A substantial portion of the deposit growth during the first three quarters of 2024 was also directed into government securities. In the final quarter, private-sector advances gained significant traction, as banks sought to comply with the regulatory directive mandating that outstanding advances be maintained at a minimum of 50% of respective deposit bases, in order to avoid incremental taxation of up to 15%. Consequently, the advance-to-deposit ratio stood at 53.2% by year-end.

Financial performance in 2024 remained broadly stable. Aggregate after-tax profitability for the banking sector was largely unchanged, with SBP data indicating a marginal increase in after-tax profits to PKR 644.0 bn (2023: PKR 642.0 bn). Net interest margins and net interest income remained steady; however, the monetary easing initiated in June 2024, along with increased provisioning requirements, exerted pressure on returns. As a result, key profitability indicators—Return on Average Assets (ROAA) and Return on Average Equity (ROAE)—moderated slightly.

Capital buffers remained strong. The industry's capital adequacy ratio (CAR) rose to approximately 20.6% by end-2024 (2023: 19.7%), remaining well above the regulatory minimum. Banks benefited from strong deposit inflows—boosted by the SBP's digital and financial inclusion initiatives—and continued to maintain excess capital to mitigate systemic risks. In a move to enhance depositor confidence and systemic stability, the Deposit Protection Corporation (DPC) raised insured limits to PKR 1 mn per depositor in late 2024.

Asset quality continued to improve during 2024. The non-performing loan (NPL) to total loan ratio declined to approximately 6.3% (2023: 7.6%). Following the implementation of IFRS-9 in 2024, specific provisioning coverage for Stage-3 assets rose to 83.8% (2023: 81.3%), while general provisioning coverage against performing advances increased to 1.4% (2023: 0.9%). Regulatory authorities maintained a strong focus on prudent provisioning and risk management practices, including adherence to Basel III capital standards, which supported containment of credit risk. Large corporate borrowers generally remained creditworthy, underpinned by adequate liquidity and repayment capacity.

Looking ahead, Pakistan's commercial banking sector appears well-positioned, underpinned by strong fundamentals, though it must navigate a landscape of mixed opportunities and risks. The sharp monetary easing in the second half of 2024—reducing policy rates from 22% to around 11% by early 2025—was supported by a marked decline in inflation to single digits, creating room for continued gradual policy support. In this evolving macroeconomic environment, banks may face some compression in net interest margins, while the pace of credit expansion will depend on the strength of economic recovery and borrower demand. If growth momentum strengthens, lending to SMEs and consumers is expected to rebound, aided by regulatory incentives and targeted refinance schemes.

Simultaneously, sustained efforts in digital transformation and financial inclusion—including the expansion of instant payment systems and broader outreach to underserved market segments—are expected to improve operational efficiency and deepen market penetration. While fiscal and external vulnerabilities may moderate the pace of policy easing and credit growth, the sector enters 2025 with improved asset quality, strong capitalization, and ample liquidity buffers. Overall, the outlook remains one of cautious optimism, supported by continued regulatory facilitation and a more stable macroeconomic environment, laying the groundwork for gradual and broad-based sectoral growth.

Annexure I

Zarai Taraqiati Bank Limited

FINANCIAL SUMMARY (in million Rs.)	01/00	01/22	03/24	40.05/25
BALANCE SHEET	CY22	CY23	CY24	1QCY25
Cash and Bank Balances with SBP and NBP	2,580.4	3,661.2	3,125.8	2,630.1
Balances with other Banks and/NBFIs/MFBs	12,615.4	31,925.6	7,492.5	2,826.1
Net Investments	306,849.7	372,212.1	376,274.5	377,028.0
Net Advances	90,452.4	105,507.7	109,121.2	109,000.5
Other Assets	21,461.2	27,126.9	34,428.3	35,528.7
Total Assets	491,092.4	562,376.5	577,539.0	557,267.6
Total Deposits	47,332.7	57,169.1	56,621.8	57,710.6
Borrowings	354,898.7	399,877.7	408,067.0	384,561.5
Other Liabilities	28,568.0	28,559.6	29,023.4	28,833.3
Paid Up Capital	52,678.4	52,678.4	52,678.4	52,678.4
Tier-1 Equity	49,561.9	66,784.6	74,684.1	77,684.8
Net Shareholding Equity (Excluding Revaluation)	58,798.7	72,542.6	80,133.0	82,801.4
Net Worth	59,712.6	74,164.7	82,377.8	84,651.5
INCOME STATEMENT	CY22	CY23	CY24	1QCY25
Net Mark-up Income	14,536.8	24,264.7	24,769.9	6,510.9
Net Provisioning / (Reversal)	(3,653.1)	(5,505.2)	(11,784.0)	(1,153.3)
Non-Markup Income	1,421.3	2,428.5	5,455.4	892.1
Operating Expenses	12,153.2	14,552.3	16,115.5	3,331.4
Profit Before Tax	7,458.0	17,606.2	25,891.9	5,225.0
Profit after tax	5,122.8	10,984.1	12,960.7	2,668.4
RATIO ANALYSIS	CY22	CY23	CY24	1QCY25
Gross Infection (%)	31.3%	28.8%	21.0%	19.4%
Provisioning Coverage (%) - Specific	42.0%	33.2%	49.3%	56.4%
Provisioning Coverage (%) – General	4.1%	3.5%	3.0%	2.9%
Net Infection (%)	20.9%	21.3%	11.9%	9.5%
Net NPLs to Tier-1 Capital (%)	37.2%	33.1%	17.6%	13.6%
Capital Adequacy Ratio (%)	33.7%	37.7%	36.0%	38.6%
Markup on earning assets (%)	14.1%	23.4%	19.8%	
Cost of Funds (%)	9.9%	20.6%	16.3%	
Markup Spreads* (%)	4.2%	2.9%	3.6%	
LCR (%)	728.0%	825.0%	232.0%	298.0%
NSFR (%)	129.0%	121.0%	123.0%	131.0%
Leverage	10.1%	11.9%	12.9%	13.9%
Efficiency (%)	77.0%	56.5%	61.9%	49.3%
ROAA (%)	1.4%	2.1%	2.3%	1.9%
ROAE (%)	10.8%	18.9%	18.3%	14.0%
Advances to Deposit Ratio	227.4%	209.9%	227.1%	223.7%
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*Adjusted for Collateral

**Adjusted for repo and collateral

REGULATORY DIS	CLOSURES			Α	nnexure II	
Name of Rated Entity	Zarai Taraqiati I	Bank Limited	(ZTBL)			
Sector	Specialized Banl		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Type of Relationship	Solicited					
Purpose of Rating	Entity Ratings					
Rating History	Entity Radings	Medium to		Outlook/Rating	Rating	
Rating History	Rating Date	Long Term	Short Term	Watch	Action	
	RATING TYPE: ENTITY					
	30-June-25	AAA	A1+	Stable	Reaffirmed	
	27-June-24	AAA	A1+	Stable	Reaffirmed	
	22-June-23	AAA	A1+	Stable	Reaffirmed	
	06-June-22	AAA	A1+	Stable	Maintained	
	30-June-21	AAA	A1+	Rating Watch- Developing	Maintained	
	30-June-20	AAA	A1+	Stable	Reaffirmed	
	26-June-19	AAA	A1+	Stable	Reaffirmed	
	28-June-18	AAA	A1+	Stable	Reaffirmed	
	20-June-17	AAA	A1+	Stable	Reaffirmed	
	16-June-16	AAA	A1+	Stable	Reaffirmed	
	18-June-15	AAA	A1+	Stable	Reaffirmed	
Instrument Structure	08-August-14 N/A	AAA	A1+	Stable	Upgrade	
Statement by the Rating Team Probability of Default	 VIS, the analysts involved in the rating process and members of its rating committee do not have any conflict of interest relating to the credit rating(s) mentioned herein. This rating is an opinion on credit quality only and is not a recommendation to buy or sell any securities. VIS' ratings opinions express ordinal ranking of risk, from strongest to weakest, within a universe of credit risk. Ratings are not intended as guarantees of credit quality or as exact measures of the probability that a particular issuer or particular debt issue will default. 					
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